# **End-Point Assessment Plan (EPA)**

# **Level 3 Operational Firefighter**

### **Level 3 Operational Firefighter**

#### Introduction and overview

This document sets out the requirements and process for the End Point Assessment (EPA) of the Level 3 Operational Firefighter Apprenticeship. The Apprenticeship was designed by the fire sector for Apprentices employed in a wide variety of different organisations in both the public and private sector. Employers include the fire services across England, the armed forces, Civil Aviation and small private sector fire services that may be incorporated into other organisations such as manufacturer's and engineering.

Firefighters tackle a wide range of emergency situations where problem solving and initiative is vital to resolve incidents quickly and calmly. These situations vary from tackling fires, searching, rescuing and protecting people and animals, by sustaining/preserving their life to protecting life and the environment from the effects of fire, natural and human disasters and hazardous materials. (Chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear, and explosives). They also respond to incidents involving planes, trains, road traffic collisions and marine emergencies.

Firefighters engage with the community to provide information, advice and guidance to individuals and groups around health, safety and well-being. They may also conduct fire risk assessments and audits in businesses and homes, fitting detection and suppression equipment if necessary and actively contribute to reducing the risk of fire or injury. Firefighters work as part of a close-knit team of professionals that provides 24-hour response cover to resolve fire and rescue operational incidents. They use multi agency working principles with partners and other services to achieve a swift and successful conclusion.

#### Summary of Assessment

The Operational Firefighter Apprenticeship standard will typically take between 24 and 30 months depending on resources and activities with the End Point Assessment taking place in the last 3 months.



To comply with the Health & Safety at Work Act, all apprentices will complete their Initial Firefighter training as part of their Apprenticeship. This training provides all apprentices with the necessary training to make them ready for the working environment. Having successfully completed the initial training the Apprentice will work under supervision alongside other firefighters. Training modules that cover the knowledge skills and behaviours set out in the Apprenticeship Standard will be undertaken and completed by the Apprentice.

It is recommended that the Apprentice will receive regular reviews with their line manager and training provider to monitor progress, provide feedback and support, and guide development.

The Apprentice will collect examples of their work throughout the apprenticeship that cover the Standard and will be kept in the form of a portfolio/work log. The portfolio/work log can be paper-based or electronic. The portfolio will contain evidence of basic training, reviews carried out by the employer and/or training provider, observations and development records. The portfolio/work log will be reviewed and verified on programme at agreed reviews by the line manager.

The Apprentice will move through the assessment gateway to the EPA when they have completed all on programme training. The EPA will take place in the last 3 months of the apprenticeship. The employer, will formally review, agree and sign off that the Apprentice has met the minimum requirements of the knowledge, skills and behaviours within the standard and confirm that the Apprentice is ready to progress to the EPA. This will take place with the Apprentice, their line manager and the trainer. The Apprentice will be informed of this decision. Apprentices should not be put forward to the EPA before they are ready. The employer will make the final decision to decide if the individual is ready to be registered for the EPA.

The End Point Assessment will include the following:

- Knowledge test
- A practical observation
- A professional discussion/structured interview based on the content of the portfolio

The End Point Assessment will be graded either Fail, Pass or Distinction.

The End Point Assessment will be conducted in order of the steps below accumulating in the final assessment of professional discussion. The Apprentice must successfully pass each assessment in order to pass the Apprenticeship.

#### Steps

- 1. Knowledge test
- 2. Practical observation
- 3. Professional discussion

The approach to assessment has been designed to be appropriate, manageable and valid in a range of contexts whilst ensuring consistency.

#### On programme learning

After registering onto the Operational Firefighter Apprenticeship, the Apprentice will complete their Initial Firefighter training. Having successfully completed this training the Apprentice will work under supervision alongside other firefighters. During the on programme learning, they will undertake training modules that will meet the knowledge, skills and behaviours within the Apprenticeship. The learners will collect suitable evidence of their training and development during the on programme learning in a portfolio. The portfolio will be regularly reviewed by the employer and the training provider to ensure the Apprentice is progressing and identify areas for further development. Whilst the portfolio will not be used as an assessment method during the EPA evidence collected will be used to demonstrate the Apprentice has completed the learning required to meet the Standard.

#### **Assessment Gateway**

The EPA will take place in the last three months of the apprenticeship. Before being put forward for the EPA the Apprentice must have:

- Achieved Level 2 qualifications in English and Maths (if not achieved prior to entry onto the apprenticeship)
- Participated in training and development activities to meet the requirements of the apprenticeship standard
- Collated a mandatory portfolio of evidence that demonstrates their knowledge and skills development over the duration of their on-programme training and as described in the Standard. The portfolio will contain the following evidence:
  - Evidence of basic training
  - Three reviews carried out by the employer and/or training provider
  - Six observations of different training scenarios the Apprentice has performed
  - At least one Development record/Appraisal

#### **End Point Assessment**

The End Point Assessment will begin when all the requirements have been met and the employer is confident of the readiness of the Apprentice. The End Point Assessment should take place within the last three months of the apprenticeship. For each of the assessment methods, the Apprentice must achieve a minimum of a pass in order to complete the apprenticeship programme as detailed below.

| Assessment method       | Assessed By | To achieve a<br>Pass | To achieve a distinction        |
|-------------------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Knowledge test          | Independent | 45 -54               | 55 - 60                         |
|                         | Assessor    |                      |                                 |
| Practical observation   | Independent | Meets all pass       | Meets all pass and all criteria |
|                         | Assessor    | criteria             | required at distinction         |
| Professional discussion | Independent | Meets all pass       | Meets all pass and all criteria |
|                         | Assessor    | criteria             | required at distinction         |

To achieve a distinction the Apprentice must meet the distinction criteria for all areas as shown below and as detailed in Appendix 1 – the occupational brief.

#### • Knowledge Test

The knowledge test will be used to assess the knowledge elements of the standard and as detailed in Appendix 1 - Occupational Brief.

The knowledge test will be taken in controlled conditions at an assessment site approved by the End-point Assessment Organisation and invigilated by individuals approved by the End-point Assessment Organisation.

The knowledge test should be undertaken first, as soon as practicable after the Gateway decision, to ensure that the Apprentice has the necessary knowledge to progress to the Practical Observation.

The knowledge test will be made of 60 multiple choice questions and will last 90 minutes in duration. The questions will describe detailed scenarios with four possible answers to each question, only one of which will be correct. The End-point Assessment Organisation will be responsible for developing a bank of questions to be used for the knowledge test, it will be the responsibility of the End-point Assessment Organisation to maintain the question bank and to ensure it remains current and up to date and reflects the content of the Occupational Brief at Appendix 1.

To pass the knowledge test the Apprentice will need to achieve a score of between 45 and 54. To achieve a distinction the Apprentice will need to achieve a score of between 55 and 60. Both the pass and the distinction marks are so high because of

the safety critical nature of the role it is important the Operational firefighter knows how to deal safely with situations before proceeding to take action so as to minimise risk to self and others.

If the Apprentice fails the knowledge test, they will continue with the EPA, but they cannot pass the End Point Assessment until they have passed the knowledge test.

The areas covered by the knowledge test are as detailed in Appendix 1 – Occupational Brief.

- Appropriate methods of resolving fire and rescue emergency incidents using various fire extinguishing media and various rescue and extrication techniques
- 2. Fire science and behaviour, ventilation, hydraulics and principles of thermodynamics.
- 3. Environmental protection by limiting the impact of an incident using a variety of techniques
- 4. Using personal and respiratory protective equipment in hazardous environments.
- 5. Hazards and control measures across a range of emergencies.
- 6. How to operate specialist information communication and technology systems
- 7. Their duty within relevant Legislation.

#### • Practical Observation

Due to the safety critical nature of the role, the practical observation provides the opportunity for substantial assessment across the standard.

The Practical Observations will be pre-planned and scheduled. Due to the high-risk nature of the role the observations are likely to be carried out as cohort of Apprentices on simulated scenarios in Realistic Working Environments (RWE) that will enable the Apprentice to demonstrate and evidence their knowledge, skills and behaviours across the standard. The Practical Observations will be carried out at assessment sites approved and agreed by the End-point Assessment Organisation. Cohorts of learners should be set at a ratio of no more than 5 Apprentices to 1 independent assessor.

The Practical Observation will take a total of six hours

The areas covered by the practical observation are detailed in Appendix 1 – Occupational Brief and will be staged scenarios that will enable the Apprentice to demonstrate the wide range of skills required of an Operational firefighter:

- Extinguish fires safely and effectively in buildings, vehicles, wild land environments and following chemical spillages, using the correct equipment, using safe working practices.
- Operating correctly in the Command and Control systems, maintaining communication and being aware of the situation and their own and others safety
- The apprentices will be observed working in hazardous environments, at height, in, on and around water and rescuing casualties.

Because the Practical Observation will be a Realistic Scenario, any areas not covered or "what if" scenarios will be discussed in the Professional Discussion. The training received by all firefighter is set at the highest level so that when firefighters operate in an uncontrolled, real world environment the person stays safe. The Practical Observation will be graded at Fail, Pass or Distinction. The Distinction criteria will focus on the behaviours of the Apprentice and not on any safety critical operational activities. Details of the criteria required to achieve a pass and distinction are detailed within Appendix 1 - Occupational Brief.

#### • Professional Discussion

The Professional Discussion will be a structured discussion between the Apprentice and Independent Assessor. The Apprentice will be able to refer to their onprogramme portfolio during the Professional Discussion.

The Professional Discussion will establish and confirm the Apprentice's understanding and application of knowledge, skills and behaviours set out in the Standard. The professional discussion will take place after the Practical Observation, will last between 40 and 50 minutes, and be recorded by the Independent Assessor. The Professional Discussion can be recorded using a variety of formats including; written notes, audio recording or filming. The recording will provide evidence for the End-point Assessment Organisation and could be used for audit or standardisation purposes.

The Professional Discussion will cover the following areas of the Standard:

- How to engage with community to increase community safety and prevention awareness to prevent incidents occurring and improvement their health and wellbeing
- Risks within their community and how these can be mitigated
- Fire science and behaviour
- Methods of resolving fires using various extinguish media
- Environmental protection and limiting the impact of an incident
- Principles of multi-agency working
- The importance of maintaining physical and mental wellbeing and maintain physical and mental fitness to ensure operational readiness
- Effective performance within their role/supporting the development of others
- Solving problems
- Have a positive attitude to role/ commitment to excellence
- Communicate effectively
- Embrace and promote the values of the organisation

The purpose of the professional discussion is to:

- To confirm and validate the work of the Apprentice evidenced in their portfolio
- To draw out how the Apprentice would behave in specific scenarios

The professional discussion may be carried out face to face but could be done remotely using video conference or Skype. The Professional Discussion must be conducted in a "controlled environment" such as a quiet room away from the normal place of work. The identity of the apprentice must be verified.

The professional discussion will be graded fail, pass or distinction. Details of the criteria required to achieve a pass and distinction are detailed within Appendix 1 - Occupational Brief.

#### **Final Judgement**

The final judgement and overall grade of the EPA will be made by the Independent Assessor on completion of **all** End Point Assessment activities.

#### Independence

The End-point Assessment Organisation will be chosen from the ESFA's Register of End-point Assessment Organisations and they will have had no influence on the training elements of the apprenticeship

#### **Roles and responsibilities**

#### Apprentice:

- Completes Initial Firefighter Training
- Participates in training activities as determined by the employer and meets the requirements of the Standard
- Works within the team
- Meets Health and Safety requirements for the role
- Prepares for and participates in End Point Assessment activities

#### Employer:

- Provides the Apprentice with the opportunities to develop the knowledge, skills and behaviours to meet the Standard
- Provides an environment that meets the Health & Safety requirements for the End Point Assessment
- Provide appropriate assessment site and resources for the EPA to be conducted
- Makes the gateway decision to progress the Apprentices through to EPA

#### Training Provider:

- Is on the ESFA's Register of Apprenticeship Training Providers
- Ensures the training provided meets the requirements of the Standard
- Assists the employer in preparing the Apprentice for EPA
- Works with employer in deciding when the EPA will be triggered
- Potentially provide the facilities used for EPA to be conducted

#### End-point Assessment Organisation:

- Is on the ESFA's Register of End-point Assessment Organisations
- Provide an End Point Assessor that meets the criteria as set out in this Assessment Plan
- Give guidance to the employer on the EPA process and practices when required
- Will use/follow the Sector Standards adopted by the employer
- Will make the final decision on the overall grade
- Will provide constructive feedback on the EPA and how the Apprentice(s) has performed
- Operates a formal Appeals process
- Maintains robust quality assurance processes

- Ensures assessors are occupationally competent, are able to assess the performance in all components of the end-point assessment and are able to determine the grade achieved
- Actively participates in the quality assurance procedures described in the assessment plan

#### Independent Assessor

The independent assessor will assess the observations and undertake the professional discussion/interview. The knowledge test will be invigilated by individuals approved by the End-point Assessment Organisation. The individual must have nothing to gain from the outcome and must not have been involved in the apprentice's employment, training or any on programme assessment.

#### Occupational expertise of the assessor

The Independent assessor must:

- a) Have thorough knowledge and understanding of the apprenticeship standard
- b) Have been trained in independent assessment to the standard required by the end-point assessment organisation
- c) Be occupationally competent in the role with sector work related experience in the last 3 years
- d) Have or be working towards a current and relevant qualification in assessment
- e) Maintain their occupational competence by actively engaging in continuous professional development activities in order to keep up to date with developments relating to the changes taking place in the sector
- f) Have a detailed knowledge of the End-point Assessment Organisation systems and documentation
- g) Have, where appropriate, undergone relevant security checks due to the nature and confidentiality of the information that they will be exposed to.

Due to the varying equipment and procedures used within the sector the assessor is not expected to be competent in the use of specific organisational equipment and procedures but must be occupationally knowledgeable and work with Sector Standards as used by the employer. The Assessor must be competent in the area they will be assessing.

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#### Grading

In order to carry out the role it is essential that a firefighter has the required knowledge to work safely and the Knowledge Test will be graded fail, pass or distinction. The Apprentice must be deemed as competent in all aspects of the Practical Observation and will be graded fail, pass or distinction. To achieve a distinction in the Practical Observation appretices must meet the all the criteria outlined under 'Situational Awareness' plus all of the criteria outlined under two of the other three areas of assessment.

The Professional Discussion will help enable the employer to identify personnel that have excelled as well as give the Apprentice the drive to achieve excellence and these will be graded, fail, pass or distinction. In order to achieve a distinction in the Professional Discussion apprentices must meet all of the distinction criteria.

The End Point Assessment must take place in order, starting with the Knowledge Test, then the Practical Observation, followed by the Professional Discussion at the end.

The Knowledge Test will take place within one month after the Assessment Gateway decision. Within ten working days of the Gateway decision the Apprentice will hand in their portfolio. The Apprentice will then be given time to prepare for the Professional Discussion. The Practical Observation(s) will be planned and agreed with the Employer, the Apprentice and the End-point Assessment Organisation and must take place within 10 weeks of the Gateway decision. This will then enable the Professional Discussion to take place after the Practical Observation and within 12 weeks of the Assessment Gateway decision.

To achieve a Pass the Apprentice will need to meet the Pass criteria across all three elements of the End Point Assessment

The Apprentice will complete all elements of the End Point Assessment even if they fail one element. The Apprentice will be given the opportunity to resit the individual element(s) of the End Point Assessment they have failed.

In order to receive a grading of Distinction the Apprentice will need to meet the Distinction criteria for the Knowledge Test, the Practical Observation and the Professional Discussion. Details of the criteria required for both Pass and Distinction are outlined in Appendix 1 the Occupational Brief

### Resits

An Apprentice can resit the End Point Assessment within three months of their first attempt.

The Apprentice will be given a further and final opportunity to resit the End Point Assessment typically within six months of their first attempt if they fail again.

The Apprentice need only resit the elements they have failed. There is no requirement to undertake the full End Point Assessment. For example; if the Apprentice passes the Knowledge Test and the Professional Discussion, but fails the Practical Observation, The Apprentice would only need to resit the Practical Observation.

By only requiring the Apprentice to resit the element(s) they fail this will ensure that any resits are cost effective and not over-assessing the Apprentice.

To achieve a grade of Distinction the Apprentice must pass each element during the first attempt of the EPA. If the Apprentice is unable to complete one of the assessment elements due to reasons beyond their control, such as equipment failure or being called away to attend an emergency, the assessment element missed should be rescheduled and the potential grade the Apprentice can achieve would not be affected in these circumstances. However, if the Apprentice fails one element of the EPA and needs to resit any element of the EPA they will only be able to achieve an overall grade of Pass.

#### **Internal Quality Assurance**

Each End-point Assessment Organisation will: Undertake their own internal audits of assessment practice carried out by their

Assessors.

Ensure the IQA team hold or be working towards relevant IQA qualifications Develop and implement a sampling plan to review Assessors' work

Hold regular Standardisation meetings (at least annually) with Assessors and Lead Assessor

Share best practice between Assessors

Monitor and record CPD of Assessors to ensure technical competence of Assessors Hold annual Assessment Events

#### **External Quality Assurance**

The External Quality Assurance will be conducted by the Institute for Apprenticeships.

The Operational Firefighter Employer group were keen to carry out the External Quality Assurance activity required for this apprenticeship standard, however, a number of organisations within the group are likely to go forward as End-point Assessment Organisations and it was felt there would be too much of a conflict of Interest.

The Sector is not interested in becoming an Awarding Organisation and therefore would not see using Ofqual as an appropriate organisation to undertake the External Quality Assurance.

The Sector does have a Professional Body, the Institution of Fire Engineers who potentially might have been interested in undertaking this role, but as a small organisation, they have informed us they would need to invest significantly to support this proposal and they would need to recruit additional individuals to undertaken the QA role. Those individuals are likely to come from the Employer Group and therefore a conflict of interest remains.

#### Implementation and affordability

#### Affordability

Due to the safety critical nature of the role and the resources required it is expected the EPA will be 20% of the overall cost.

It should be noted by End-point Assessment Organisations that Employers recruiting Operational Firefighter apprentices will have all the necessary specialist equipment and resources for the EPA activities and therefore all of the EPA activities could take place at the Apprentice's place of work.

#### Professional body recognition

Successful apprentices will be eligible for professional registration with the Institution of Fire Engineers (IFE) at Technician (TIFireE) level.

#### Consistency

The End Point Assessment is focused on the competence of the Apprentice in the role, as evidenced by their ability to demonstrate the knowledge, skills and behaviours as set out in the Standard. Each of the components of the End Point Assessment builds a cumulative picture of competence and future potential of the Apprentice.

To support this EPA document an Occupational Brief has been developed and is available as a separate Appendix. The Occupational Brief has been aligned with the Fire Sector's National Operational Guidance Training Specifications, which are used across the sector.

In developing the Standard and the EPA a wide range of employers across different sectors of the sector have been actively involved to ensure the EPA model works for everyone.

#### Volumes

It is envisaged that approximately 450 registrations will take place in the first year of this Standard with numbers steadily increasing to about 800 per annum.

## **Appendix 1 - Occupational Brief for Operational Firefighter**

| Method of<br>Assessment | The Standard  | What do I need to know  | Fail Criteria   | Pass Criteria  | Distinction<br>Criteria |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|----------------|-------------------------|
| Knowledge<br>Test       | covering the areas of the Appre   | a multiple-choice Knowledge Test of 60 questions<br>enticeship Standard below. There are 30 bullet points<br>per bullet point. The Apprentice will need at least one<br>point area  | Scores less than<br>45 and/or does<br>not have a<br>correct answer<br>to cover each<br>bullet point | Scores 45 - 54 | Scores 55 - 60          |
|                         | Appropriate methods of resolving<br>fire and rescue emergency<br>incidents using various fire<br>extinguishing media (Water,<br>foam/chemical) and various<br>rescue and extrication<br>techniques (E.g. rope rescue,<br>water rescue, rescue from height,<br>confined spaces) etc. | <ul> <li>First Aid</li> <li>Use of Breathing Apparatus</li> <li>Fire Extinguishing media and when to use</li> <li>Hazardous materials</li> <li>Road Traffic Collisions</li> <li>Rope Rescue</li> <li>Water Rescue</li> <li>Working in confined spaces</li> <li>Working at Height</li> </ul> |   |                |                         |
|                         | Fire science and behaviour,<br>ventilation, hydraulics and<br>principles of thermodynamics.   | <ul> <li>Principles of fire behaviour</li> <li>Thermodynamics</li> <li>Ventilation</li> <li>Hydraulics</li> </ul>   |   |                |                         |
|                         | Environmental protection by<br>limiting the impact of an incident   | <ul> <li>Understanding of Cat 1</li> <li>Cat 2 – what organisations do under Civil</li> </ul>   |   |                |                         |

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| using a variety of techniques     | Contingencies Act 204                                  |           |    |
| such as applying neutralising or  | Understand the hierarchy of pollution control and      |           |    |
| absorbent agents and physical     | the equipment to achieve this                          |           |    |
| barriers.                         | Legal responsibilities to protect the environment      |           |    |
| Using personal and respiratory    | Breathing Apparatus and ancillary equipment and        |           |    |
| protective equipment in           | procedures   |           |    |
| hazardous environments            | Use of other RPE and PPE                               |           |    |
|                                   | Maintenance of RPE and PPE                             |           |    |
|                                   | Foundation for Breathing Apparatus                     |           |    |
| Hazards and control measures      | Principles of Dynamic Risk Assessment                  |           |    |
| across a range of emergencies.    | Understands the difference between a hazard and        |           |    |
|                                   | a risk   |           |    |
|                                   | Hierarchy of controls                                  |           |    |
| How to operate specialist         | Types of communication systems and their               |           |    |
| information communication and     | limitations  |           |    |
| technology systems, e.g. mobile   | Organisational Radio procedures                        |           |    |
| data terminals, radios.           | Use of software  |           |    |
| Their duty within relevant        | The duties as an individual under each of piece of     |           |    |
| Legislation (e.g. Fire and Rescue | legislation  |           |    |
| Services Act, 2004 Armed          | Health and Safety Act 1996,                            |           |    |
| Forces Act 2016 (Ch. 21), Mines   | Equalities Act 2010                                    |           |    |
| Regs. 2014, Health and Safety     | Civil Contingencies Act 2004                           |           |    |
| Act 1996, Equalities Act 2010     | Sector relevant legislation such as:                   |           |    |
| and Civil Contingencies Act       | <ul> <li>Fire and Rescue Services Act, 2004</li> </ul> |           |    |
| 2004).                            | • Armed Forces Act 2016 (Ch. 21),                      |           |    |
|                                   | <ul> <li>Mines Regs. 2014,</li> </ul>                  |           |    |

| Practical<br>Observation | The Apprentices will undertake a Practical Observation covering the following aspects of the Apprenticeship Standard. – In order to pass the Practical Observation the Apprentice will need to meet <b>all</b> the criteria in the pass column. In order to achieve a distinction the Apprentice must meet all distinction criteria. |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
|                          | Using personal and respiratory<br>protective equipment in<br>hazardous environments.   | <ul> <li>Breathing Apparatus and ancillary equipment and procedures</li> <li>Use of other RPE and PPE</li> <li>Maintenance of RPE and PPE</li> <li>Foundation for Breathing Apparatus</li> </ul>                            | Uses equipment<br>but needs to<br>follow others,<br>fails to carry out<br>the correct don<br>and start<br>procedure. Fails<br>to don PPE<br>correctly.     | Demonstrates safe<br>use and has a clear<br>knowledge of<br>operational procedures |  |  |  |
|                          | How to prepare, use and<br>maintain specialist equipment<br>and resources.   | <ul> <li>Routines required to be conducted on appliances<br/>and equipment</li> <li>How to get equipment to work correctly</li> <li>Maintenance of equipment</li> <li>How to report faults and missing equipment</li> </ul> | Uses equipment<br>incorrectly or<br>places<br>themselves or<br>colleagues at<br>risk while using<br>equipment.<br>Needs to be<br>reminded of<br>procedures | Demonstrates safe<br>use of equipment<br>Follows operational<br>procedures.        |  |  |  |
|                          | How to operate specialist information communication and  | Organisational Radio procedures   | Fails to operate equipment   | Use communication<br>systems appropriately   |  |  |  |

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| technology systems, e.g. mobil<br>data terminals, radios.  | •  | correctly or fails<br>to retrieve<br>information<br>correctly.   | during operations and<br>secures the correct<br>information   |             |
| Carry out safe working practice<br>in accordance with legal<br>requirements as detailed within<br>the knowledge section. | Use Dynamic risk assessments   | Fails to operate<br>in line with<br>Standard<br>Operational<br>Procedures.<br>Places<br>themselves or<br>others at risk. | Follows standard<br>operational<br>procedures<br>Demonstrates safe<br>person concept<br>Uses dynamic risk<br>assessment |             |
| Operate safely and effectively i<br>emergency situations.  | n Standard operational procedures<br>Use Dynamic risk assessments<br>Safe person concept | Places<br>themselves or<br>others at risk.<br>Uses equipment<br>in a way that<br>may cause<br>damage.                    |   |             |
| Operate within an appropriate<br>Command and Control system.   | Incident Command Structure and their role  | Fails to act on<br>instruction or<br>acts in a<br>manner that<br>places<br>themselves or                                 | Follows Incident<br>Command system and<br>structure<br>Maintains their position<br>within the command<br>structure      |             |

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|  |   | others in danger.   |   |
| Operate in hazardous<br>environments using Breathing<br>Apparatus. | Use Dynamic Risk Assessments<br>Correct use of BA<br>Foundation for Breathing Apparatus<br>Decontamination procedures | Fails to carry<br>out correct don<br>and start<br>procedures.                                 | Uses dynamic risk<br>assessment<br>Demonstrates safe<br>use of BA in practical<br>setting   |
| Safely resolve incidents involving<br>Hazardous Materials.         | <ul> <li>Chemical, biological, radiological, nuclear and explosive substances.</li> <li>NOG Practice</li> </ul>       | Acts in a<br>manner that<br>places<br>themselves,<br>others or the<br>environment at<br>risk. | The hazardous<br>material is contained<br>and then dealt with in<br>line with Standard<br>Operational<br>Procedures and<br>decontamination<br>procedures are<br>followed. |
| Safely work at height.   |   | Acts in a manner<br>that places<br>themselves or<br>others at risk.                           | Acts in line with<br>Standard Operational<br>Procedures and<br>maintains a safe<br>working environment<br>at height at all times.   |
| Safely work in, on or around water.                                |   | Fails to use<br>correct PPE or<br>fails to act in line  | To conduct Rescues<br>Or<br>Pump water for  |

|  |   |  |   | 310400/AP02 |
|--|---|--|---|-------------|
|  |   | with Standard<br>Operational<br>Procedures   | firefighting purposes<br>NOG Practice   |             |
| Extricate Casualties from situations of entrapment.  |   | Places<br>themselves or<br>others at risk<br>during<br>operations.   | NOG Practice  |             |
| Use and maintain specialist<br>equipment e.g. Breathing<br>Apparatus, cutting equipment,<br>aerial platforms | Standard Operating Practices<br>Checking of equipment<br>Uses equipment correctly in line with<br>manufacturers and organisational guidelines<br>Carries out maintenance of equipment as required | Fails to<br>adequately<br>rehabilitate<br>equipment post<br>use.<br>Uses equipment<br>in a manner that<br>may lead to<br>damage. | Follow standard<br>Operating Practices<br>Checks equipment is<br>in a suitable condition<br>to use<br>Uses equipment<br>correctly.<br>Checks equipment<br>after use and carries<br>out required<br>maintenance<br>Returns equipment<br>into storage in a safe<br>and maintained state<br>ready for future use |             |

|      |                                   |              |                   |                             | 510480/AP02        |
|------|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Ext  | tinguish fires safely and         | NOG Practice | Fails to          | Follows Standard            |                    |
| effe | ectively in buildings vehicles,   |              | extinguish the    | <b>Operating Procedures</b> |                    |
| wild | d land environments and           |              | fire or acts in a | to extinguish fires         |                    |
| foll | owing chemical spillages.         |              | manner that is    |                             |                    |
|      |                                   |              | likely to lead to |                             |                    |
|      |                                   |              | reignition.       |                             |                    |
| Со   | mmunicate effectively, through    |              | Is not acting in  | Communicate with            | Actively listens   |
|      | ening, writing, speaking and      |              | line with         | others throughout the       | throughout         |
|      | esenting information.             |              | instructions      | task                        | interactions and   |
|      | -                                 |              | given.            | Listens to others           | asks questions as  |
|      |                                   |              | Is not clear in   | Acts correctly in line      | necessary          |
|      |                                   |              | their own         | with instructions           |                    |
|      |                                   |              | communication     | received.                   | Always checks that |
|      |                                   |              | with others or    |                             | their message is   |
|      |                                   |              | fails to          |                             | understood         |
|      |                                   |              | communicate       |                             |                    |
|      |                                   |              | when              |                             | Keeps others       |
|      |                                   |              | communication     |                             | informed           |
|      |                                   |              | was required.     |                             |                    |
| Co   | nfidence and resilience within    |              | Displays          |                             | Remains rational   |
|      | e role in highly challenging and  |              | negative          |                             | and in control of  |
|      | anging situations,                |              | emotion in        | Is calm and confident       | emotions during    |
|      | monstrating reliability,          |              | emergency         | in emergency or             | emergency or       |
|      | aptability, responsibility and    |              | situations        | challenging situations      | challenging        |
|      | countability to the organisation. |              | 51001015          |                             | situations         |
| au   |                                   |              | Hangs back        | Prioritises actions         | Situations         |
|      |                                   |              | when situations   | during emergency            | Gives support and  |

|  |   |  |  | ST0486/AP02   |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| Situational awareness by         maintaining an active awareness         of the working environment to         ensure a safe, secure and         compliant working culture | Shows situational awareness<br>Understands the working environment<br>Maintains the working environment to meet<br>legislation and compliance | become difficult         Fails to take         appropriate         action when         faced with a         hazard         Does not         operate within         agreed level of | situation<br>Is alert to all hazards,<br>reports them and takes<br>appropriate action to<br>mitigate risks.<br>Uses equipment within<br>its limitations<br>Operates within | ST0486/AP02<br>reassurance to<br>others under stress<br>Quickly prioritises<br>actions without<br>direct prompting<br>Remains<br>constantly alert to<br>the environment for<br>all hazards, reports<br>them and takes<br>preventative action<br>without being<br>prompted |
|  |   | authority<br>Does not act<br>with relevant<br>urgency to<br>minimise risk  | agreed level of<br>authority   | Consistently acts<br>with relevant<br>urgency to<br>minimise any risk<br>The apprentice<br>must achieve this<br>criteria to achieve<br>a distinction  |
| Work collaboratively with others, both internally and externally.  |   | Is reluctant or<br>unwilling to help   | Reacts positively with members of the team   | Continually looks to help, support and  |

|                            |   |  |  |   | ST0486/AP02  |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|
|                            |   |  | others<br>Prefers to work<br>alone rather than<br>in the team. Is<br>unaware of the<br>contribution<br>others can make<br>to the resolution<br>of incidents. | Complete tasks when<br>asked and in<br>accordance with<br>instructions<br>Makes an effort to be<br>part of the team   | reassure others<br>Inspires others<br>through their<br>motivation and<br>encourages other<br>to feel part of the<br>team<br>Builds a rapport<br>and works well<br>within the team                          |
| Professional<br>Discussion | the Standard. The Professional Dis  | rify the portfolio as the apprentice's own work and will be<br>scussion will also cover the following areas of the Appren<br>e criteria in the pass column. In order to achieve a distinc  | ticeship Standard. Ir  | n order to pass the Profes  | sional Dicussion the   |
|                            | How to engage with<br>Communities to improve<br>community safety and prevention<br>awareness to prevent incidents<br>from occurring and increase their<br>health and wellbeing. | <ul> <li>How to carry out visits to community members<br/>and businesses</li> <li>How to make effective referrals to other<br/>agencies and internal parties</li> <li>Profile of community risks</li> <li>The different ways of engaging with the<br/>community</li> </ul> | Fails to<br>demonstrate that<br>prevention is of<br>greater<br>community value<br>than response.   | Describes the<br>community safety<br>initiative they have<br>been involved in and<br>their role within that<br>initiative.<br>Obtains relevant<br>information to enable<br>them to interact with<br>the community they<br>serve | Displays an in-<br>depth knowledge<br>of how our<br>prevention work is<br>central to achieving<br>organisational<br>goals<br>Describes how the<br>initiative has<br>changed the<br>community<br>engagement |

| The risks within their community and the methods that can be used to mitigate those risks         Interact with and influence community members and business to reduce risks. | • | Safeguarding duties<br>Factors that may increase a person's level of<br>risk.<br>Identifies risks in the community<br>Works with community to reduce risk   | Is unaware of<br>the factors that<br>can influence a<br>person's level of<br>risk.   | Demonstrates how<br>they have worked with<br>the community.<br>Describes the<br>community and the<br>risks<br>The risks identified<br>and the measures put<br>in place to reduce risk        | ST0486/AP02<br>Lists the benefits of<br>the initiative to the<br>community and the<br>fire service<br>Can evaluate the<br>impact of the risks<br>on firefighters and<br>means of mitigating<br>these risk<br>Gives example of<br>how working with<br>the community has<br>improved<br>relationships and<br>reduced risk |
|---|---|---|--|--|---|
| Fire science and behaviour,<br>ventilation, hydraulics and<br>principles of thermodynamics  | • | <ul> <li>Principles of:</li> <li>Thermodynamics</li> <li>Ventilation</li> <li>Hydraulics</li> <li>How to deal with fires safely</li> <li>Hazards and control measures across a range of emergencies.</li> </ul> | Cannot describe<br>principles of fire<br>behaviour<br>Does not know<br>where to obtain<br>relevant<br>information<br>does<br>cannot describe | Describes the<br>principles of fire<br>behaviour<br>Knows how to obtain<br>relevant information<br>regarding fire science<br>and behaviour<br>Give an explanation of<br>how fires behave and | Explains why it is<br>important to<br>understand how<br>fire behaves and<br>the science of fires<br>when dealing with<br>emergencies<br>Explains how<br>changing fire   |

|  |  |  |  | ST0486/AP02  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |  | potential risks<br>and the<br>measures that<br>should be put in<br>place to reduce<br>these.   | how they can change<br>Describes the risks<br>involved and the<br>measures in place to<br>reduce the risks<br>States who else could<br>be involved in an<br>emergency situation.   | behaviour will<br>impact on how it<br>dealt with<br>Explains how a<br>dynamic risk<br>assessment works<br>in practice<br>Explains the role of<br>others in dealing<br>with emergency<br>situations.                            |
| Hazards and control measures<br>across a range of emergencies. | <ul> <li>Principles of Dynamic Risk Assessment</li> <li>Understands the difference between a hazard and a risk</li> <li>Hierarchy of controls</li> </ul> | Fails to<br>recognise<br>hazards or fails<br>to take<br>appropriate<br>action when<br>faced with risks.<br>Uses inadequate<br>or ineffective<br>control<br>measures. | Explains the purpose<br>of a risk assessment<br>(2)<br>Describes 3 incidents<br>and identify hazards<br>and the control<br>measures to be used<br>to manage these (6)<br>Understands the<br>importance of effective<br>control measures that<br>are well communicated<br>(2) | Understands how<br>risks can have a<br>compound effect<br>Explains the<br>means by which<br>the identified<br>control measure<br>reduces risk<br>Understand how to<br>combine control<br>measures to<br>multiply their effect. |

#### ST0486/AP02 How to carry out emergency pre-Emergency first aid procedures and protocols Fails to identify Identifies the correct Identifies the hospital medical treatment and correct course of course of action when casualties support (non-medical condition and treating a casualty. action when professionals) faced with a treats appropriately and then identifies casualty steps that will promote recovery Identifies Gives additional Appropriate methods of resolving First Aid **Describes 4 methods** • fire and rescue emergency of resolving fires using information to say inappropriate Use of Breathing Apparatus • incidents using various fire methods to different media (4-8) why media was Fire Extinguishing media and when to use ٠ extinguishing media (Water, resolve an Describes 3 rescue used for the type of Hazardous materials • foam/chemical) and various and extrication fire and the incident. Road Traffic Collisions • rescue and extrication techniques 3-6) implications of Rope Rescue • using other media techniques (E.g. rope rescue, Water Rescue water rescue, rescue from height, Explains why Working in confined spaces confined spaces) etc. technique used Working at Height ٠ and its advantages and disadvantages Environmental protection by Cannot describe Describes Cat 1 and 2 Describes Category 1 and 2 organisations • limiting the impact of an incident Cat 1 or 2 techniques to Organisational responsibilities under Cat 2 States what • using a variety of techniques organisations protect the organisations do under • Pollution control and equipment such as applying neutralising or Does not **Civil Contingencies Act** environment Legal responsibilities absorbent agents and physical understand legal 2004 Explains the responsibilities Outlines the hierarchy implications of barriers. of pollution control and to protect the environmental

ST0486/AP02 the equipment to pollution and environment achieve this protection States own Legal responsibilities to protect the environment The principles of multi-agency Describes the Understands Clear understanding of JESIP principles; co-Is unclear of • working with stakeholders such JESIP principles principles and some organisational roles location, multi-agency briefs and debriefs as police and ambulance service Does not benefits of partnership and responsibilities. in emergency situations understand the working benefits of Describes JESIP Describes how partnership organisations might contribute to a working multi-agency response or recover The importance of maintaining Evaluation of Does not know Describes fitness Health and fitness requirements of the • their physical and mental why fitness standards required of methods of organisation standards are the organisation improving fitness wellbeing. Methods of gaining and maintaining fitness and • required. Describes risks to and well-being wellbeing Does not wellbeing Explains the Why is physical fitness and mental well-being • understand why Describes why these reasons for fitness important to the individual and the organisation Maintain physical and mental physical fitness standards are set standards and mental well-Briefly describes how Implications of not fitness to ensure operational physical and mental maintaining mental readiness being is

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ST0486/AP02 important wellbeing helps well being promote the fire and Explains how rescue service maintaining their How physical and physical and mental wellbeing mental fitness has affects own role helped them in Describes how they their role. maintain their own physical and mental fitness to ensure they are operationally ready Take responsibility for effective Can only list Describes how they Explains the Provides evidence of undertaking relevant L&D • performance within their role. learning have maintained their benefits of L&D activities activities that are performance undertaken and Has participated in regular reviews with • Lists learning and mentor/line manager mandated as what they have part of development activities learnt Apprenticeship they have undertaken Understand Cannot identify What further strengths and areas for future development would be weaknesses and development useful how to build and improve on these Has a clear understanding how their role fits within the organisation and the potential

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|  |   |  |   | opportunities to<br>progress   |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| Support the development of their colleagues.   | Provides evidence of supporting the development of a colleague  | Is unable to<br>provide<br>examples of<br>when they have<br>supported<br>colleagues  | Gives example of how<br>they have supported<br>colleagues   | Explains how<br>supporting<br>colleagues has<br>benefitted the<br>colleague,<br>themselves and the<br>organisation   |
| Solve problems by<br>understanding, recalling,<br>applying and adapting relevant<br>information in an organised, safe<br>and systematic way. | <ul> <li>Identifies the most beneficial aspects of different solutions</li> <li>Able to generate more than one solution to a problem and evaluate which is best</li> <li>Promotes a joint or collective approach to establish the most effective resolution and use of resources</li> <li>Adapts previous experience and knowledge to different circumstances</li> <li>Can predict the potential impact of actions</li> <li>Identifies and considers the critical factors including risk, when making a decision</li> <li>Makes swift and appropriate decisions</li> <li>Evaluates the outcome to indicate success and inform future actions</li> </ul> | Does not use<br>knowledge to<br>solve problems<br>Relies on others<br>for support<br>Does not always<br>consider<br>consequences | Gives 3 examples of<br>problem solving<br>How they came to<br>decision<br>How they worked with<br>others to solve | Gives alterative<br>solutions to<br>problems<br>States why the<br>chosen solution<br>The outcome of the<br>solution<br>Describes the<br>potential impact of<br>not solving problem |

| carryi<br>exerc<br>worki | e a positive attitude to<br>ring out of their own role,<br>cising self-discipline and<br>ing with others and the<br>munity.                            | • Is ope   | en to change and actively seeks to support it  | Fails to act in<br>line with<br>organisational<br>values  | Describes how they<br>have worked in a<br>positive and<br>disciplined way and<br>why   | ST0486/AP02<br>Explains the impact<br>of remaining<br>positive and<br>disciplined in their<br>role<br>Willing to try new<br>methods when                       |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| adopt<br>proac<br>achie  | mitment to excellence, by<br>ting a conscientious and<br>ctive approach to work to<br>eve and maintain excellent<br>dards with a motivation to<br>eed. | <ul><li>bencl</li><li>Demo<br/>decis</li><li>Imple</li></ul> | tains performance against established<br>hmarks<br>onstrates commitment to organisation<br>sions and performance requirements<br>ements policies positively and with<br>usiasm | Does not apply<br>themselves well<br>when completing<br>routine tasks<br>Discusses their<br>role in a<br>negative light | Lists the organisations<br>benchmarks and<br>describes how they<br>have met them during<br>the apprenticeship<br>Recognising the<br>importance of role of<br>the firefighter to the<br>wider community | asked to do so<br>makes suggestions<br>for improvement<br>Has a proactive<br>approach to work<br>Promotes the role<br>of firefighter in the<br>local community |
| listen                   | municate effectively, through<br>ning, writing, speaking and<br>enting information.  |  |  | Does not<br>consider the<br>audience when<br>communicating<br>with others –<br>uses jargon.<br>Does not<br>engage the   | Can communicate with<br>others, with limited<br>confidence and<br>structure<br>Understands the need<br>to adapt their<br>communication<br>Able to present familiar                                     | Speaks with clarity<br>and confidence to<br>all people in all<br>situations<br>Adapts<br>communication<br>style, content and                                   |

|                  |   |  |   | 310400/AFUZ  |
|------------------|---|--|---|--|
|                  |   | audience when communicating  | information   | complexity of<br>message to suit the<br>situation  |
| div<br>adv<br>ap | commitment to integrity and<br>iversity, understanding and<br>dopting a fair and ethical<br>pproach and treating others with<br>purtesy and respect | Does not<br>understand<br>community<br>needs or uses<br>derogatory<br>language.<br>Does not<br>accommodate<br>the views and<br>needs of other<br>Does not show<br>respect for<br>organisations<br>values | Gives a narrow<br>understanding of<br>diversity and<br>discrimination<br>Adjust behaviour to<br>suit the needs of<br>others<br>Speaks positively<br>about the<br>organisation's values.<br>Recognises the value<br>of diversity of thoughts<br>or perspectives. | Proactively<br>maintains<br>knowledge of the<br>community<br>Accepts individual<br>differences<br>Fully committed to<br>organisation's<br>values |
|                  | mbrace and promote the values<br>f the organisation   | Does not display<br>respect for the<br>organisation's<br>values<br>Does not respect<br>discipline<br>requirements  | Speaks positively<br>about the<br>organisation's values<br>Discusses<br>inappropriate<br>behaviour  | Fully committed to<br>organisation's<br>values<br>Addressed<br>inappropriate<br>behaviour<br>proactively   |

|                                |                                   | 510400/AF02         |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Commitment to development,     | Only reviews Responds             | Knows where to      |
| both within oneself and others | own constructively to             | seek out most up    |
|                                | performance feedback              | to date information |
|                                | when pressed to Willing shares    | Always looks for    |
|                                | so knowledge and                  | opportunities to    |
|                                | Has limited self- supports others | educate and         |
|                                | awareness of Seeks further        | support others      |
|                                | own development                   | Actively seeks out  |
|                                | development opportunities beyond  | feedback on         |
|                                | needs and how their role          | performance         |
|                                | to address them                   |                     |
|                                | Shares some                       |                     |
|                                | information with                  |                     |
|                                | others but only                   |                     |
|                                | when requested                    |                     |
|                                |                                   |                     |