ST0515/AP01



Manufacturing Manager Integrated Degree Apprenticeship Standard

End-point Assessment Plan

Apprenticeship standard reference number	Apprenticeship standard level	Integrated end-point assessment (EPA)
ST0515	6	Yes

Introduction and overview

This document sets out the requirements for end-point assessment (EPA) for the manufacturing manager integrated degree apprenticeship standard. It is for Universities in their role of end-point assessment organisation (EPAO) for the integrated degree, who need to know how EPA for this apprenticeship must operate. It will also be of interest to manufacturing manager apprentices and their employers.

In an integrated degree apprenticeship, the degree incorporates on-programme academic and workplace learning and assessment with an independent EPA to test the occupational standard's KSBs. The degree is worth 360 credits, with the EPA accounting for 40 credits.

The manufacturing manager integrated degree apprenticeship is a core and option apprenticeship standard. During the EPA, apprentices must be assessed against the core knowledge, skills and behaviours (KSBs), and knowledge and skills relating to their chosen option:

- Food and drink
- (other options to be added at a later date)

Full time apprentices will typically spend 42-months on-programme working towards the occupational standard, with a minimum of 20% off-the-job training. All apprentices mustrequire and complete a minimum of 12 months on-programme.

The EPA must only start once the EPA gateway requirements have been met and they can be evidenced to the apprentice's EPAO. The employer must be satisfied that the apprentice is consistently working at, or above, the level set out in the occupational standard. Apprentices must have successfully completed 320 on-programme credits, have compiled a portfolio of evidence and have had a project title and outline agreed with their employer and EPAO. In addition, apprentices without English and mathematics at level 2 must achieve level 2 prior to taking their EPA¹.

The EPA must be completed within a maximum eight-month period, after the apprentice has met the EPA gateway requirements.

Awarding Universities will be responsible for the on-programme delivery and EPA. They must be on the Education & Skills Funding Agency's (ESFA) Register of Apprenticeship Training Providers (RoATP). In addition, they must be approved to offer the EPA for this apprenticeship standard and be on the ESFA's Register of End-point Assessment Organisations (RoEPAO).

The EPA consists of two discrete methods:

- work-based project, consisting of a report, presentation and questioning
- technical interview, underpinned by a portfolio of evidence

¹ For those with an education, health and care plan or a legacy statement the apprenticeships English and maths minimum requirement is Entry Level 3. British Sign Language qualification is an alternative to English qualifications for those whom this is their primary language

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The individual assessment methods will have the following grades:

Assessment method 1 – work based project

- fail
- pass
- merit
- distinction

Assessment method 2 – technical interview

- fail
- pass
- merit
- distinction

Performance in the EPA will determine the overall apprenticeship grade of:

- fail
- pass
- merit
- distinction

Performance in the EPA will count towards the overall degree classification. Apprentices cannot successfully complete the degree and therefore the apprenticeship standard without successfully passing the EPA.

EPA summary table

On-programme (typically 42-months)	Training to develop the manufacturing manager occupation standard's knowledge, skills and behaviours – core and one option	
	Completing 320 on-programme manufacturing manager degree credits	
	Compiling a portfolio of evidence	
	Working towards English and maths Level 2 (if required)	
End-Point Assessment Gateway	Employer satisfied apprentice is consistently working at or above the level of the occupational standard	
	Completed 320 on-programme credits and have passed all on- programme manufacturing manager degree modules	
	Agreement of work-based project title and outline with their employer and EPAO	
	Completed portfolio of evidence	
	Achieved English and maths Level 2, as a minimum	
End-Point Assessment (maximum eight-months)	Assessment Method 1: work-based project, consisting of report, presentation and questioning; graded fail, pass, merit or distinction	
	Assessment Method 2: technical interview, underpinned by	
	portfolio of evidence; graded fail, pass, merit or distinction	
	Worth 40 manufacturing manager integrated degree credits	
	EPA graded fail, pass, merit or distinction	

End-point assessment gateway

The EPA period should only start once the employer is satisfied that the apprentice is consistently working at or above the level set out in the occupational standard, that is to say they have achieved occupational competence. In making this decision, the employer may take advice from the apprentice's training provider(s), but the decision must ultimately be made solely by the employer.

In addition to the employer's confirmation that the apprentice is working at or above the level in the occupational standard, the apprentice must have completed the following gateway requirements prior to beginning EPA:

- Completed 320 on-programme credits and pass all on-programme modules prior to taking their EPA
- Achieved English and mathematics at level 2, as a minimum. For those with an education, health and care plan or a legacy statement the apprenticeship's English and maths minimum requirement is Entry Level 3. British Sign Language qualification is an alternative to English qualifications for those whom this is their primary language.
- Apprentices must agree a work-based project title outline agreed with their EPAO, based on their option within the occupational standard. The outline must detail the project title, scope, key activities/milestones and expected outputs/measures of success. See work-based project for further details of project aim and scope. Ideally, the project should aid the employer's business.
- An apprentice must hold a portfolio of evidence. The portfolio of evidence will be used to underpin the EPA technical interview.

Portfolio of evidence requirements:

- Evidence must demonstrate the apprentice's knowledge, skills and behaviours (KSBs) core knowledge and skills and the apprentice's chosen option knowledge and skills, that will be assessed by the technical interview
- Evidence must be mapped against the KSBs being assessed by the technical interview; it is anticipated that individual pieces of evidence will be mapped to multiple KSBs
- Evidence must relate to 'real' work completed by the apprentice; evidence from simulated activities are not allowed
- It must contain 10-12 pieces of evidence in total
- The apprentice's employer must provide a written statement confirming the evidence is attributable to the apprentice

Evidence can include:

- work products produced by the apprentice, for example processes and procedures, production schedules, risk assessments, management reports, meeting records, statistical trend analysis, plans and costings, audit reports
- employer feedback/reviews (maximum one)

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- taped evidence (video or audio); maximum 20-minutes in total duration
- training records/certificates

Evidence cannot include reflective accounts or witness testimonies.

Length of end-point assessment period

The EPA (including all assessment methods) must be completed within eight-months of the first part of the end-point assessment commencing and within the total EPA period.

Order of assessment methods

The work-based project report must be submitted before the presentation and questioning components and technical interview takes place, to ensure the two assessment methods are completed within a timely period of each other.

It is anticipated that the technical interview will be conducted on the same day as the workbased project presentation and questioning components to aide efficiency however, this is not a requirement.

Assessment methods

The EPA consists of two discrete assessment methods:

- work-based project, consisting of report, presentation and questioning
- technical interview, underpinned by a portfolio of evidence

Assessment method one – work-based project (WP), consisting of report, presentation and questioning

Apprentices must produce a report, prepare and present a presentation and undertake questioning in relation to a work-based project. The evidence from the report, presentation and questioning must be assessed holistically against the KSBs shown in annex A, by an independent assessor who will determine the grade, using the grading criteria and descriptors in Annex B. Requirements for the report and presentation and questioning components are detailed below.

The work-based project presentation and questioning components must take place in a controlled environment; a room free from distractions and influence, with sufficient space for all present. It is anticipated a room will be sourced at a University or employer's premises to minimise cost. It may be conducted in-person or via a suitable online platform, for example video-conferencing. EPAOs must ensure appropriate methods to prevent misrepresentation are in place. For example, screen share and 360-degree camera function with an independent assessor when the presentation and questioning, and/or technical interview is conducted remotely.

a) Report

Apprentices must produce a report of 12,000 words +/- 10%, excluding references, diagrams, appendices and abstract, based on a work-based project, which relates to their chosen option, for example food and drink.

All work relating to the project and report write-up, must be completed during the EPA period; excluding preliminary research to inform the project title and outline.

The project report must include as a minimum:

- background
- project brief detailing targets
- project research
- project plan
- implementation how targets were achieved
- risk analysis
- challenges faced
- project outcomes

The apprentice must provide supporting evidence relating to the project in an appendix. Evidence could include management reports, costings, quality/compliance records or fault reports and pictures. This list is not definitive and other relevant sources are permissible. The appendix must include a mapping of the evidence to the relevant KSBs for this assessment method. It is expected that each piece of evidence will cover multiple KSBs. The annex must also include a statement from the employer authenticating the apprentice's evidence and achievements.

Example project titles include:

- Principles of factory design and layout to facilitate a capacity expansion, and/or process improvement in a high risk ready eat foods manufacturing environment
- A cost improvement plan to production lines to evaluate labour costs against engineering and process improvement
- Evaluation of production line wastage and improving process control
- Management of raw materials and the supply chain impacting the process and lean manufacture of products
- The use of Continuous Improvement techniques in evaluating the efficiency of a manufacturing operation and how it can be improved

The project report must be submitted by the end of month five of the apprentice's EPA period at the latest, to allow for review ahead of the presentation and questioning components.

b) Presentation and questioning

Apprentices must prepare and deliver a presentation on their work-based project. Apprentices must have prepared the presentation ahead of submitting the project report.

The presentation will be made to their independent assessor, in the presence of a representative from the apprentice's employer, typically their manager. The employer representative's role is to provide technical input in relation to the apprentice's workplace policy and procedures and confirm authenticity of their apprentice's work only. They must not provide information on behalf of the apprentice, ask the apprentice questions or influence the apprentice in any way. The EPA judgement lies solely with the independent assessor who grades this assessment method.

The presentation must cover: the project scope, outcomes/achievements, any difficulties faced/lessons learnt and recommendations.

The presentation must last 20-minutes. The independent assessor has the discretion to increase the time of the presentation by up to 10% to allow the apprentice to complete the presentation.

There are no restrictions on how apprentices deliver the presentation or support resources/materials used. However, any equipment requirements for example PowerPoint, whiteboard, flip chart facilities must be agreed with the EPAO, at least two weeks in advance of the date of the presentation. For example, apprentices could use PowerPoint slides, handouts or an A1 poster.

Following the presentation, the independent assessor will ask five questions to confirm that the apprentice has the knowledge, skills and behaviours assigned to this method of assessment (see annex A) and determine the apprentice's depth of understanding to assess performance against the distinction criteria. The independent assessor may ask follow up open questions to probe further or seek clarification. Independent assessors must use questions from their EPAO question bank however, they can tailor the questions according to the evidence presented via the report and presentation. The independent assessor must record questions and responses.

The duration of the questions and answers must be 20 minutes. The independent assessor has the discretion to increase the time of the questioning by up to 10% to allow the apprentice to complete an answer.

Support material

EPAOs will produce the following material to support this assessment method:

• question bank, with questions of sufficient size to prevent predictability and review them regularly (and at least once a year) to ensure they are fit for purpose

Assessment method two – technical interview

The technical interview will assess apprentices against the KSBs as shown in Annex A; by an independent assessor will determine the grade using the grading criteria and descriptors in annex B.

Apprentices can refer to evidence in their portfolio of evidence – see above, when answering questions.

An independent assessor, in the presence of a representative from the apprentice's employer, typically their line manager, will conduct the technical interview. The employer representative's role is to confirm authenticity of their apprentice's work only. They must not provide information on behalf of the apprentice, ask the apprentice questions or influence the apprentice in any way. The EPA judgement lies solely with the independent assessor who grades the technical interview.

The technical interview must last 50-minutes. The independent assessor has the discretion to increase the time of the technical interview by up to 10% to allow the apprentice to complete an answer.

The independent assessor must ask 5 questions. Questions must be set by the apprentice's EPAO. Questions will be formulated so as to address the KSBs assessed by this assessment method, as shown in Annex A. Independent assessors may ask open follow up questions to probe further or seek clarification where required, within the time allowed for the technical interview. The independent assessor must record responses.

The EPAO must be provided with a copy of the apprentice's portfolio of evidence at least seven days prior to the technical interview.

The technical interview must take place in a controlled environment; a room free from distractions and influence, with sufficient space for all present. It is anticipated a room will be sourced at a University or employer's premises to minimise cost. It may be conducted inperson or via a suitable online platform, for example video-conferencing. EPAOs must ensure appropriate methods to prevent misrepresentation are in place. For example, screen share and 360-degree camera function with an independent assessor when the presentation and questioning, and/or technical interview is conducted remotely.

Support material

EPAOs will produce the following material to support this assessment method:

- 'question bank' of sufficient size to prevent predictability and review them regularly (and at least once a year) to ensure they are fit for purpose. Questions must be open, holistic and competency based in design.
- assessment recording documentation

Apprenticeship grading

Performance in the EPA will count towards the overall degree classification. Apprentices cannot successfully complete the degree or the apprenticeship without successfully passing the EPA.

Performance in the EPA will be separately graded to the degree and determine the apprenticeship grade of pass, merit, distinction or fail.

Independent assessors will be responsible for grading each assessment method, in accordance with the requirements detailed in this plan.

Apprentices must show competence in all the core knowledge, skills and behaviours and knowledge and skills applicable to their option.

Independent assessor decisions must be subject to moderation (External Examiner review). Grades must not be confirmed until after moderation.

The EPAO must combine the grades for both assessment methods to determine the apprenticeship grade.

In order gain a pass or higher in the EPA, apprentices must achieve a minimum of a pass in both the work-based project and the technical interview; a fail in either assessment method will result in an overall fail.

The grades for both assessment methods will be combined to determine the overall grade of pass, merit or distinction. The table below shows how the grades must be combined to determine the EPA/apprenticeship grade. The grading structure reflects the greater size of work-based project.

Work-based project grade	Technical interview grade	EPA/apprenticeship grade
Fail	Any grade	Fail
Any grade	Fail	Fail
Pass	Pass	Pass
Pass	Merit	Pass
Pass	Distinction	Merit
Merit	Pass	Merit
Merit	Merit	Merit
Distinction	Pass	Merit
Distinction	Merit	Distinction
Merit	Distinction	Merit
Distinction	Distinction	Distinction

Achievement at pass will demonstrate that the apprentice has met all of the requirements of the occupational standard. An apprentice who achieves a merit or distinction will be demonstrating performance above the minimum requirements of the occupational standard.

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Re-sits/re-takes

Apprentices will be offered the opportunity to take a re-sit/re-take in line with University academic regulations. A re-sit does not require further learning/training, whereas a re-take does. Re-sits/re-takes are not offered to apprentices wishing to gain a higher grade.

The apprentice and their employer must agree that a re-sit/re-take is an appropriate course of action; they may wish to take advice from the apprentice's University. Apprentices should have a supportive action plan to prepare for the re-sit/re-take.

Where an apprentice needs to re-sit/re-take the work-based project the entire EPA must be retaken in full in a new 6-month period and a new project title and outline agreed. If the technical interview requires a re-sit/re-take, but the work-based project has been successfully achieved, this must be completed within 3-months of the notification of fail, otherwise the entire EPA must be re-sat/re-taken.

Apprentices who take a re-sit/re-take will only be able to achieve a pass in their overall grade, unless there are exceptional circumstances, beyond the control of the apprentice as determined by their EPAO.

Reasonable adjustments

The EPAO must have in place clear and fair arrangements for making reasonable adjustments for this apprenticeship standard EPA. This should include how an apprentice qualifies for reasonable adjustment and what reasonable adjustments will be made. The adjustments must maintain the validity, reliability and integrity of the assessment methods outlined in this assessment plan.

End-point assessment organisations

Awarding Universities will be responsible for the on-programme and EPA requirements. They must be on the Education & Skills Funding Agency's (ESFA) Register of Apprenticeship Training Providers (RoATP). In addition, they must be approved to offer the EPA for this apprenticeship standard and be on the ESFA's Register of End-point Assessment Organisations (RoEPAO).

Roles and responsibilities

Role	Responsibility
Apprentice	 participate in training/development opportunities to
	develop the knowledge, skills and behaviours as outlined in
	the occupational standard
	 meet all gateway requirements
	 understand the purpose and importance of EPA and
	undertake EPA
Employer	• support the apprentice to achieve the KSBs outlined in the
	occupational standard
	• determine when the apprentice is working at or above the
	level outlined in the occupational standard and is ready for
	EPA
	• select the EPAO
	 confirm all EPA gateway requirements have been met
	• confirm arrangements with EPAO for the EPA (who, when,
	where) in a timely manner
	 ensure apprentice is prepared for the EPA
EPAO	As a minimum EPAOs should:
	 understand the occupational role
	 appoint independent assessors to assess and grade the
	EPA
	 provide training to the independent assessors they employ
	to undertake the EPA
	 provide adequate information, advice and guidance
	documentation to enable apprentices, employers to prepare
	for the EPA
	 deliver the EPA outlined in this plan in a timely manner
	 prepare and provide all required material and resources
	required for delivery of the EPA in-line with best practices
	 use appropriate assessment recording documentation to
	ensure a clear and auditable mechanism for providing
	assessment decision feedback to the apprentice
	 have independent assessor who has no direct connection
	with the apprentice their employer or on-programme
	learning i.e. there must be no conflict of interest
	 maintain robust internal quality assurance (IQA)
	procedures and processes, and conduct these on a regular
	basis
	 conform to the requirements of the nominated external
	quality assurance body
	 organise standardisation events and activities in
	accordance with this plan's IQA section

	 organise and conduct moderation of independent 	
	assessors' marking in accordance with this plan	
	 have, and operate, a complaints and appeals process 	
	 arrange for certification 	
Independent assessor	As a minimum an independent assessor should:	
	 understand the occupational standard and EPA 	
	 deliver the EPA in-line with the plan 	
	 comply to the IQA requirements of the EPAO 	
	 be independent of the apprentice, their employer and 	
	training provider(s) i.e. there must be no conflict of interest	
	 hold a degree in a related subject such as Food 	
	Manufacturing Management, Manufacturing, Food Science,	
	Food Technology or Engineering for those assessing the food	
	& drink option; they do not have to have an assessor	
	qualification although this is considered good practice	
	 have occupational experience relevant to the option they 	
	are assessing, for example food & drink	
	• complete a minimum of five days continuing professional	
	development per year	
	 have the capability to assess the apprentice at this level 	
	 attend the required number of EPAOs standardisation and 	
	training events per year (as defined in the IQA section)	
	 sourced from another University, industry or a professional 	
	body; or if none of the above options are available another	
	department within the same University but must be	
	independent of the apprentice's on-programme learning and	
	assessment	
University	As a minimum the University should:	
	 work with the employer to ensure that the apprentice is 	
	given the opportunities to develop the KSBs outlined in the	
	occupational standard and monitor their progress during the	
	on-programme period	
	 advise the employer, upon request, on the apprentice's 	
	readiness for EPA prior to the gateway	
	 On-programme personnel must have no part in the EPA 	
	itself	

Internal quality assurance

Internal quality assurance refers to the requirements that EPAOs must have in place to ensure consistent, reliable, accurate and valid assessment decisions.

EPAOs for this apprenticeship standard must undertake the following:

- appoint independent assessors that meet the requirements as detailed in this plan see above
- produce assessment tools and supporting materials for the EPA that follow best assessment practice, including a work-based project question bank, technical interview question bank and assessment outcome recording documentation
- provide training for independent assessors in terms of good assessment practice, operating the assessment tools and grading
- operate induction training and standardisation events for independent assessors when they begin working for the EPAO on this apprenticeship standard and before they deliver an updated assessment method for the first time
- have robust quality assurance systems and procedures that support fair, reliable and consistent assessment across the organisation and over time
- operate regular standardisation events that enable assessors to attend a minimum of one day per year
- operate moderation of assessment activity and decisions, through examination of documentation and observation of activity, with a minimum of 5% percent of each independent assessors assessments moderated
- hold and operate a complaints and appeals process

Implementation

Volumes

It is anticipated that there will be 200 starts per year on this apprenticeship standard.

Affordability

The following factors will ensure the EPA is affordable:

- EPAOs can use employer/University facilities to conduct the work-based project presentation and questioning components and technical interview
- the work-based project presentation and questioning components and technical interview can be conducted remotely saving travel time and costs
- the work-based project should have business benefit for the employer

Annex A: knowledge, skills and behaviours to be assessed by each assessment method

Assessment method	Кеу
Technical interview	ТІ
Work-based project	WP

Core Knowledge

Kn	owledge statement	Assessment method
1.	Product and Employment Legislation – including Equal	TI
	Opportunities, Employment Rights Act, Modern Slavery,	
	Competition Law, Bribery and Corruption	
2.	Product Supply Chain – the relationship between the supplier and	WP
	customer; how to accurately forecast and schedule product	
	demand; the impact of fraud and how traceability systems can be	
	used to identify criminal activity	
3.	Quality Assurance – Total Quality Management, how product	WP
	safety and product safety management systems are used to meet	
	legal requirements and codes of practice to produce safe products	
	of the required specification	
4.	Principles of Processing Controls and Factory Design –	WP
	construction of factories including segregation, drainage,	
	construction of walls and floors and utilisation of equipment and	
	its impact on process control; linear workflow	
5.	Principles of Engineering – the impact of machinery design on	ТІ
	safety, compliance and routing of services and work in progress;	
	use of automation and its impact on resource and profitability	
6.	Health & Safety – Health and Safety at Work Act, health and	WP
	safety risks and risk assessment practices, Control of Substances	
	Hazardous to Health (COSHH) , Registration, Evaluation,	
	Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)	
7.	Environmental – environmental controls, Safe Disposal of Waste	ТІ
	regulations, recycling, emissions (noise and smell)	
8.	Markets – domestic and international dimensions which impact	ТІ
	on the manufacture of goods, for example exchange rates, border	
	controls, movement of goods	
9.	Business and Financial Awareness – organisation 'big picture';	WP
	how key functions interact; key business systems, performance	
	data, financial statements, principles of costing and budgeting	

10. Managing People and Change – leadership and management	WP
tools including delegation, motivation, union consultation and	
negotiation, communication, persuading and influencing, change	
management, time management and leadership skills	
11. Customer Relationship Management – tools and techniques,	WP
including product management techniques, customer	
requirements/value perception, customer segmentation,	
customer insights, complaint management in order to achieve	
customer excellence and ensure adherence to customer/industry	
standards	
12. Critical Thinking and Analysis – how to research, evaluate and	WP
present business information; utilising statistical/analytical skills to	
interpret primary/complex data which will include a diverse range	
from overall equipment efficiency and financial key performance	
indicators to customer complaints	
13. Problem solving techniques – for example mind mapping, root	WP
cause analysis, six thinking hats	
14. Continuous Improvement (CI) techniques – 6 Sigma, LEAN, Kaizen	WP
15. Crisis Management and Continuity Planning – how to lead and	TI
manage site incidents	
16. Management Information Systems – knowledge of management	WP
information systems to store and record data, present information	
and identify trends	

Knowledge – Food and Drink Option

Knowledge statement	Assessment method
17. Food Safety (F&D) – allergen management and labelling; food	WP & TI
safety standards: Food Safety Act, Animal Welfare Standards,	
European Food Regulations, Food Hygiene England Regulations;	
contamination and cross contamination of food by physical,	
chemical, micro-biological and allergenic materials and substances	
18. F&D. Environment – food waste reduction, recycling, safe water	WP
source and disposal	
19. F&D. Principles of Processing Controls and Factory Design –	WP
hygienic design of food manufacturing machinery and premises	
20. F&D. Food processing techniques – for example thermal	WP & TI
processing, chilling, canning, irradiation	
21. F&D. Maintenance in food manufacturing environment –	TI
requirements including food grade oils, captive tools	
22. F&D. Safe cleaning in a food manufacturing environment –	TI
separate storage of cleaning materials, cleaning in place	
procedures	

23. F&D. Third party food safety audits – for example Food Standards	WP & TI
Agency, retailer, British Retail Consortium (BRC); underpinning	
standards, when and how they are conducted	
24. F&D. Food planning considerations and implications – including	WP & TI
seasonal needs, shelf life requirements, cancellations, promotions,	
consumer trends, healthy eating	
25. F&D. Organoleptic quality testing – five senses to check quality of	WP & TI
product: smell, sight, taste, hearing, texture; customer	
specifications	
26. F&D. Food supply chain – supplier assurance and integrity of raw	WP&TI
materials: origin of raw materials; food fraud and raw materials	
vulnerability	

Core Skills

Skills statement	Assessment method
1. Identifying, forecasting, planning and scheduling resource	WP
requirements	
2. Identifying data requirements; data analysis and interpretation	WP & TI
3. Using information technology	WP
4. Reporting, for example manufacturing performance data	WP & TI
5. Communicating using different techniques, for example verbal,	WP
written, visual	
6. Building and sustaining collaborative relationships to influence	TI
internal and external stakeholders	
7. Presenting information, for example in staff briefings, customer	WP
meetings, management meetings	
8. Managing people, for example recruiting, leading, coaching and	TI
motivating a team	
9. Partnership working with local and/or regional union	ті
representation	
10. Driving compliance with legal, customer and product standards on	WP
site	
11. Devising, implementing and maintaining health & safety and	WP & TI
environmental standards to achieve a harm free culture	
12. Producing budget proposals; negotiating budgets with senior	WP & TI
managers	
13. Planning site based projects, for example for new capital	ТІ
investment, construction on site, new product lines and new	
equipment	
14. Managing change	TI
15. Conducting Continuous Improvement techniques within	WP & TI
manufacturing environment	

16. Problem solving/trouble shooting within manufacturing	WP
environment	
17. Crisis management; agreeing, leading and implementing a site	TI
based disaster recovery plan	
18. Responding to third party audits; managing relationships with	TI
audit personnel	

Skills - Food and Drink Option

Skills statement	Assessment method
19. F&D. Analysing food safety data, for example cooking/chilling	WP & TI
temperatures, metal detection checks, storage and segregation	
20. F&D. Responsive production planning to adjust to customer orders	ТІ
21. F&D. Organoleptic testing of food and drink products	ТІ
22. F&D. Promoting food safety culture	WP & TI

Ве	haviour statement	Assessment method
1.	Ownership of work:	
	1.i decisive; effectively balances short term requirements with	WP
	long term objectives to achieve goals;	
	1.ii puts the customer at the heart of the decision making process	ТІ
	to achieve 'win-win' commercial deals; plans and prioritises	
	effectively	
2.	Integrity and respect: listens to others and seeks to build	ТІ
	understanding; embraces the diversity of colleagues and makes	
	complex issues easy for others to understand	
3.	Influence and persuasion: inspires others to achieve business	ТІ
	goals; adapts language and communication medium to effectively	
	win others over; proactively communicates clearly, concisely and	
	on a timely basis; effectively influences key decision makers	
4.	Responsiveness to change: flexible to changing demands; resilient	WP
	under pressure	
5.	Innovation: demonstrates curiosity to foster new ways of thinking	WP & TI
	and working; seeks out opportunities to drive forward change and	
	improvements for the business	

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Annex B – Grading criteria and descriptors

- Pass criteria shows the apprentice is demonstrating competence against the KSB statement; merit and distinction criteria build on the pass criteria
- An apprentice will fail where they do not demonstrate all of the pass criteria
- To achieve a pass for an individual assessment method pass, merit or distinction criteria must be demonstrated against all KSB statements
- To receive a merit 22 or more of the KSBs must be demonstrated at merit or distinction criteria for the workplace project and 28 or more of the KSBs must be demonstrated at merit or distinction for the technical interview, with all other KSBs demonstrated at pass
- To receive a distinction 22 or more of the KSBs must be demonstrated at distinction for the workplace project and 28 or more of the KSBs must be demonstrated at distinction for the technical interview, with all other KSBs demonstrated at merit

Food & Drink Option

Workplace Project

Knowledge/ Skill/Behaviour	Pass	Merit	Distinction
К2 (ВОТН)	Demonstrates an understanding of the relationship between supplier and customer.	Demonstrates understanding of how to build effective relationships between supplier and customer.	Demonstrates the importance of the relationship between supplier and customer to consistently achieve agreed business objectives.
	Understands the principles of forecasting accurately to organise timely production.	Demonstrates an understanding of how to organise and structure systems for forecasting production.	Describes short, medium and long range forecasting models for planning and their implementation, which considers the future needs of the business. Clearly demonstrates a critical evaluation of the models and conclusions as to which is the best fit for the business.
	Aware of fraud and procedures within own business.	Demonstrates an awareness of global issues around fraud and triggers for fraudulent practices; contributes to the controls within own business for reporting and prevention within company's supply chain.	Appraises monitoring and prevention controls for fraud within the supply chain, including current and future areas.

	Demonstrates an	Explains traceability systems and their	Critically reviews traceability, keeping
	understanding of traceability	impact on supply chain security within	abreast of topical matters and threats
	systems and how to undertake	food and drink companies.	within the business.
	traceability.		
КЗ	Understanding the principles	Explains the principles of Quality	Critically reviews the principles of
	of Quality Assurance – Total	Assurance – Total Quality Management,	Quality Assurance – Total Quality
	Quality Management, how	how product safety and product safety	Management, how product safety and
	product safety and product	management systems are used to meet	product safety management systems are
	safety management systems	legal requirements and codes of	used to meet legal requirements and
	are used to meet legal	practice to produce safe products of	codes of practice to produce safe
	requirements and codes of	the required specification	products of the required specification
	practice to produce safe		
	products of the required		
	specification		
К4	Understanding the	Explains the Principles of Processing	Clearly demonstrates a critical
	Principles of Processing	Controls and Factory Design – including	evaluation of the Principles of Processing
	Controls and Factory Design –	their impact on the construction of	Controls and Factory Design –
	construction of factories and	factories and equipment; linear	construction of factories and equipment;
	equipment; linear workflow.	workflow.	linear workflow.
К6	Demonstrates an	Demonstrates the relationship between	Demonstrates a comprehensive
	understanding of health and	supporting and following health and	knowledge of the means of measuring
	safety risks in current working	safety practices to improve existing	the impact on business of health and
	environment and how they	standards.	safety practices.
	can be mitigated.		
К9	Demonstrates knowledge of	Demonstrates awareness of the	Demonstrates organisational
	company with overview of	influence of key function interactions;	perspective and critiques the company's
	interactions between key	able to explain in depth the key	perspective in relation to the whole
	functions; able to summarise		industry. Synthesises the value of value

	the key performance	performance data and breakdown the	of all work to promote the importance
	measures and outline the key	financial statement.	on the financial statement.
	financial statement.		
K10	Describes a variety of	Describe how to utilise a variety of	Demonstrates a comprehensive
	leadership techniques and	leadership techniques and	understanding of how the application
	management tools and	management tools to improve business	and benefits of leadership techniques
	demonstrate how team work	performance.	and management tools contributes to
	helps to resolve issues.		organisational development.
K11 (BOTH)	Demonstrates a clear	Explains the importance of excellent	Appraises the impact of excellent
	understanding of the	customer relations. Demonstrates a	customer relationships.
	importance of customer	sound knowledge of how best to	Explains how best to develop those
	relationships and explains the	develop excellent and constructive	customer relationships whilst adhering
	tools to develop that	relationships and how to adhere to	to and developing customer and trade
	relationship.	customer and trade association	association standards.
		standards.	
K12	Demonstrates knowledge of a	Demonstrates a high level of critical	Demonstrates the ability to hypothesise
	range of business information	evaluation and research of business	and clearly demonstrate an excellent
	and its sources together with	information and understands how to	level of critical evaluation/analysis
	an understanding of its	analyse complex information and	supported by research and synthesis of
	practical application.	present effectively.	complex information and data.
K13	Demonstrates knowledge of a	Demonstrates a high level of	Demonstrates practical implementation
	range of problem solving	understanding of problem solving	and leadership within problem solving,
	techniques, together with an	techniques and is able to effectively	utilising multiple methodologies and
	understanding of their	apply them in appropriate situations,	applying them successfully to both
	application.	demonstrating successful identification	identify and resolve issues through
		of root causes and suggesting	effective root cause analysis.
		appropriate corrective actions.	

K14	Demonstrates an understanding of the principles of CI and key techniques such as 5S, Kaizen, poke yoke.	Demonstrates a clear understanding of lean manufacturing practices and the techniques applied such as 6 sigma, 5S, Kaizen, Kanban, poke yoke.	Appraises the principles of lean manufacturing techniques and how they can be described in the workplace.
К16	Demonstrates a clear understanding of the importance of management information systems to store and record data and present identifying trends.	Explains the importance of management information systems and demonstrates a sound knowledge of how best to present, interpret and develop key data	Appraises the impact of management information systems. Analyse how best to develop those systems to store , record, present and build key data.
К17 (ВОТН)	Demonstrates knowledge of Food Safety – allergen management and labelling; food safety standards: Food Safety Act, Animal Welfare Standards, European Food Regulations, Food Hygiene England Regulations; contamination and cross contamination of food by physical, chemical, micro- biological and allergenic materials and substances.	Demonstrates a high level of critical evaluation of Food Safety – allergen management and labelling; food safety standards: Food Safety Act, Animal Welfare Standards, European Food Regulations, Food Hygiene England Regulations; contamination and cross contamination of food by physical, chemical, micro-biological and allergenic materials and substances.	Demonstrates the ability to hypothesise and clearly demonstrate an excellent level of critical evaluation/analysis of Food Safety – allergen management and labelling; food safety standards: Food Safety Act, Animal Welfare Standards, European Food Regulations, Food Hygiene England Regulations; contamination and cross contamination of food by physical, chemical, micro- biological and allergenic materials and substances.
K18	Demonstrates a clear understanding of the importance of food waste reduction and methods for	Demonstrates a high level understanding of the impacts and implications of food waste and the importance of effective environmental	Analyses and applies appropriate techniques for environmental management to minimise food waste and effectively manage recycling,

	recycling and safe environmental disposal.	management including recycling and water management.	reduction and re-use schemes in all waste areas and within water and waste water management.
K19	Demonstrates a clear understanding of linear process flow and the principles of good factory and equipment design.	Explains the importance of good process flow for effective process control. Demonstrates a sound knowledge of how factory and equipment design influence the hygienic outcomes of food processing.	Analyses ways of improving process flow to support excellent process control. Challenges the design and layout of factories and equipment in order to optimise hygienic processing.
К20 (ВОТН)	Demonstrates a clear understanding of food processing techniques – for example thermal processing, chilling, canning, irradiation.	Explains the importance of safe food processing techniques – for example thermal processing, chilling, canning, irradiation.	Demonstrates the ability to hypothesise and clearly demonstrate an excellent level of critical evaluation of food processing techniques – for example thermal processing, chilling, canning, irradiation.
К23 (ВОТН)	Understanding the principles of Third party food safety audits – for example Food Standards Agency, retails, British Retail Consortium, (BRC); underpinning standards, when and how conducted.	Demonstrates a clear understanding of Third party food safety audits – for example Food Standards Agency, retails, British Retail Consortium, (BRC); underpinning standards, when and how conducted.	Demonstrates organisational perspective and critiques the company's perspective in relation to Third party food safety audits – for example Food Standards Agency, retails, British Retail Consortium, (BRC); underpinning standards, when and how conducted.
К24 (ВОТН)	Demonstrates a clear understanding of Food planning considerations and implications – including seasonal needs, shelf life	Demonstrates a clear understanding of Food planning considerations and implications – including seasonal needs, shelf life requirements, cancellations,	Describes a range of implementation models for of Food planning considerations and implications – including seasonal needs, shelf life requirements, cancellations,

	requirements, cancellations, promotions, consumer trends, healthy eating.	promotions, consumer trends, healthy eating.	promotions, consumer trends, healthy eating.
К25 (ВОТН)	Understanding the principles of Organoleptic quality testing – five senses to check quality of product: smell, sight, taste, hearing, texture; customer specifications.	Explains the importance of Organoleptic quality testing – five senses to check quality of product: smell, sight, taste, hearing, texture; customer specifications.	Describes a range of implementation of Organoleptic quality testing – five senses to check quality of product: smell, sight, taste, hearing, texture; customer specifications.
К26 (ВОТН)	Demonstrates an understanding of food Supply Chain – supplier assurance and integrity of raw materials: origin of raw materials; food fraud and raw materials vulnerability.	Explains the importance of food Supply Chain – supplier assurance and integrity of raw materials: origin of raw materials; food fraud and raw materials vulnerability.	Appraises the impact of excellent food Supply Chain – supplier assurance and integrity of raw materials: origin of raw materials; food fraud and raw materials vulnerability.
S1	Works to identify, forecast, plan and schedule resource requirements	Carries out regular forecasting, planning and scheduling resource requirements	Takes a proactive approach to forecasting, planning and scheduling resource requirements
S2 (BOTH)	Works with data requirements; data analysis and interpretation.	Carries out regular data requirements; data analysis and interpretation.	Takes a proactive approach to data requirements; data analysis and interpretation.
\$3	Works with information technology.	Carries out regular review of information technology.	Takes a proactive approach to adopting information technology.
S4 (ВОТН)	Gathers data for reporting, for example manufacturing performance data.	Carries out regular reviews of data collection methods reporting, for example manufacturing performance data.	Takes a proactive approach to reviewing data analysis to provide actionable improvement information.

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S5	Effective communication using different techniques, for example verbal, written, visual.	Develop regular channels for communicating using different techniques, for example verbal, written, visual.	Establish effectiveness through proactive gathering of feedback and modify programme to optimise performance.
S7	Recognises importance of sharing information for example in staff briefings, customer meetings management meetings	Understands the clear distinction between data and information.	Demonstrates a high level of analytical and presentational performance.
S10	Works to identify compliance with legal, customer and product standards on site.	Carries out regular compliance audits with legal, customer and product standards on site.	Takes a proactive approach to reviewing compliance audits with legal, customer and product standards on site. Providing actionable improvement information as required.
S11 (BOTH)	Works to identify and maintain health & safety and environmental standards to achieve a harm free culture.	Carries out regular compliance audits for health & safety and environmental standards to achieve a harm free culture.	Takes a proactive approach to reviewing health & safety and environmental standards to achieve a harm free culture.
S12 (BOTH)	Works to budget; manages resources appropriately; manages costs accurately.	Carries out regular budget reviews; revises budget and project plan; reviews costs.	Takes a proactive approach to budgeting, is able to plan and forecast; critically appraises costs to ensure that the impact of any changes does not adversely affect quality.

S15 (BOTH)	Discusses new ways of thinking and working towards change and improvements utilising CI skills.	Demonstrates curiosity to foster new ways of thinking and working and identifies and proposes opportunities for improvement to the business fostering a CI culture to enhance business performance.	Hypothesise new ways of thinking and working and identifies and proposes opportunities for change and improvements to the business providing a full justification and rationale for modification with regard to business performance.
S16	Discusses new ways of thinking about problem solving/trouble shooting within manufacturing environment.	Demonstrates curiosity to foster new ways of thinking about problem solving/trouble shooting within manufacturing environment.	Hypothesise new ways of anticipating potential problems. And researching possible solutions.
S19 (BOTH)	Works with food safety data, for example cooking chilling temperatures, metal detection checks, storage, and segregation.	Demonstrates curiosity to foster new ways of thinking and working with food safety data, for example cooking chilling temperatures, metal detection checks, storage, and segregation.	Takes a proactive approach to creating new analytical tools with food safety data.
S22 (BOTH)	Works within a food safety culture.	Demonstrates a desire to instil a food safety culture with all colleagues.	Anticipates potential hazards in all operational environments and strives to minimise risk.

В1 (ВОТН)	Demonstrates the ability to adopt new ways of thinking and works towards change and improvements considering both the long term and short term objectives achieving mutual benefit for the business and the customer.	Demonstrates the ability to adopt new ways of thinking and works and identifies and proposes opportunities for change and improvements considering both the long term and short term objectives achieving mutual benefit for the business and the customer.	Demonstrates the ability to adopt new ways of thinking and works and identifies and proposes opportunities for change and improvements to the business providing a full justification and rationale for modification considering both the long term and short term objectives achieving mutual benefit for the business and the customer.
B4	Works change within the working environment and manages pressure effectively.	Willing and flexible to implement changes within the working environment and resilient to the pressures the changes bring.	Recognises and is proactive to the need for and suggests changes to respond to new workplace demands and resilient to the pressures the changes bring and shields the team from the pressures.
В5 (ВОТН)	Innovation: demonstrates curiosity to foster new ways of thinking and working; seeks out opportunities to drive forward change and improvements for the business.	Willing and flexible to innovation: demonstrates curiosity to foster new ways of thinking and working; seeks out opportunities to drive forward change and improvements for the business.	High level of awareness of new technology and thinking and openness to applying this knowledge to the work environment.

Technical Interview

Knowledge/ Skill/Behaviour	Pass	Merit	Distinction
К1	Demonstrates a clear understanding of product and Employment Legislation – including Equal Opportunities, employment Rights Act, Modern Slavery, Competition Law, Bribery and Corruption.	Explains the importance of product and employment Legislation – including Equal Opportunities, employment Rights Act, Modern Slavery, Competition Law, Bribery and Corruption	Critically appraise business activities anticipating potential compliance matters in the areas of product and employment Legislation – including Equal Opportunities, employment Rights Act, Modern Slavery, Competition Law, Bribery and Corruption
К5		Explains the importance of engineering and its impact on food production. Demonstrates knowledge of how engineering practices can influence the food processing environment.	Analyses ways of improving engineering practices to support excellence in food processing. Challenges the engineering practices in order to opt imise business performance.
К7	Demonstrates a clear understanding of environmental – environmental controls, Safe Disposal of Waste regulations, recycling, emissions (noise and smell) and how to undertake compliance audits.	Clearly articulates the importance of environmental – environmental controls, Safe Disposal of Waste regulations, recycling, emissions (noise and smell) and contributes to the controls within the business for reporting and compliance within these areas.	Appraises monitoring and prevention controls in the areas of environmental – environmental controls, Safe Disposal of Waste regulations, recycling, emissions (noise and smell) to promote excellent business practices including current and future targets.

К8	Aware of markets – domestic and international dimensions which impact on the manufacture of goods, for example exchange rates, border controls, movement of goods.	Explains the importance of markets – domestic and international dimensions which impact on the manufacture of goods. Demonstrates a sound knowledge of matters such as exchange rates, border controls, movement of goods.	Critically appraise business activities anticipating potential changes in the markets – domestic and international dimensions which impact on the manufacture of goods, Appraises the impact of exchange rates, border controls, movement of goods.
К15	Explains the principles of crisis management and how to lead and manage a crisis in current workplace.	Fully explains the principles of crisis management, demonstrating the leadership techniques required when managing an incident with examples of types of incident and how best to manage them.	Understands how to review an incident and identify lessons learned.
К17 (ВОТН)	Demonstrates a clear understanding of the main food Safety – allergen management and labelling; food safety standards: Food Safety Act, Animal Welfare Standards, European Food Regulation, Food Hygiene England Regulation; contamination and cross contamination of food by physical, chemical, micro-biological and allergenic materials and substances	Demonstrates a high level of critical evaluation of Food Safety – allergen management and labelling; food safety standards: Food Safety Act, Animal Welfare Standards, European Food Regulation, Food Hygiene England Regulation; contamination and cross contamination of food by physical, chemical, micro-biological and allergenic materials and substances.	Demonstrates the ability to hypothesise and clearly demonstrate an excellent level of critical evaluation/analysis of Food Safety – allergen management and labelling; food safety standards: Food Safety Act, Animal Welfare Standards, European Food Regulation, Food Hygiene England Regulation; contamination and cross contamination of food by physical, chemical, micro-biological and allergenic materials and substances.

К20 (ВОТН)	Demonstrates a clear understanding of the main food technology processes.	Explains the importance of food processing technologies and their differences.	Fully understands the principles of different processing technologies.
		Demonstrates knowledge of the different processing techniques.	Demonstrates a clear understanding of the application of different techniques for different sectors and products.
K21	Explains the principles of engineering – the impact of engineering on safety, compliance and production. Demonstrates a clear understanding of the principles of engineering and the impact of machinery design on safety, compliance and routing of services and work in progress.	Explains the importance of the principles of engineering – the impact of engineering on safety, compliance and production. Explains the importance of the principles of engineering and its impact on machinery design on safety, compliance and routing of services and work in progress. Demonstrates knowledge of how engineering practices can influence the food processing environment. Demonstrates knowledge of how the use of automation can impact on resources and profitability.	Describes a range of implementation models to manage the principles of engineering – the impact of engineering on safety, compliance and production. Analyses ways of improving engineering practices to support excellence in food processing. Challenges the engineering practices in order to optimise business performance.

K22	Has a clear understanding of safe cleaning in a food manufacturing environment – separate storage of cleaning materials, cleaning in place procedures.	Explains the importance of safe cleaning in a food manufacturing environment. Demonstrates knowledge relating the requirements necessary for separate storage of cleaning materials, cleaning in place procedures.	Critically appraise business activities anticipating potential changes required to meet targets for safe cleaning in a food manufacturing environment – separate storage of cleaning materials, cleaning in place procedures.
К23 (ВОТН)	Understanding the principles of Third party food safety audits – for example Food Standards Agency, retails, British Retail Consortium, (BRC); underpinning standards, when and how conducted.	Demonstrates a clear understanding of Third party food safety audits – for example Food Standards Agency, retails, British Retail Consortium, (BRC); underpinning standards, when and how conducted.	Demonstrates organisational perspective and critiques the company's perspective in relation to Third party food safety audits – for example Food Standards Agency, retails, British Retail Consortium, (BRC); underpinning standards, when and how conducted.
К24 (ВОТН)	Demonstrates a clear understanding of Food planning considerations and implications – including seasonal needs, shelf life requirements, cancellations, promotions, consumer trends, healthy eating.	Demonstrates a clear understanding of Food planning considerations and implications – including seasonal needs, shelf life requirements, cancellations, promotions, consumer trends, healthy eating.	Describes a range of implementation models for of Food planning considerations and implications – including seasonal needs, shelf life requirements, cancellations, promotions, consumer trends, healthy eating.

K25 (BOTH)	Understanding the principles of Organoleptic quality testing – five senses to check quality of product: smell, sight, taste, hearing, texture; customer specifications.	Explains the importance of Organoleptic quality testing – five senses to check quality of product: smell, sight, taste, hearing, texture; customer specifications.	Describes a range of implementation of Organoleptic quality testing – five senses to check quality of product: smell, sight, taste, hearing, texture; customer specifications.
K26 (BOTH)	Demonstrates an understanding of food Supply Chain – supplier assurance and integrity of raw materials: origin of raw materials; food fraud and raw materials vulnerability.	Explains the importance of food Supply Chain – supplier assurance and integrity of raw materials: origin of raw materials; food fraud and raw materials vulnerability.	Appraises the impact of excellent food Supply Chain – supplier assurance and integrity of raw materials: origin of raw materials; food fraud and raw materials vulnerability.
S2 (BOTH)	Works with data requirements; data analysis and interpretation.	Carries out regular data analysis and interpretation.	Takes a proactive approach to data requirements; data analysis and interpretation.
S4 (BOTH)	Gathers data for reporting, for example manufacturing performance data.	Carries out regular reviews of data collection methods reporting, for example manufacturing performance data.	Takes a proactive approach to reviewing data analysis to provide actionable improvement information.
S6	Understands the importance of building and sustaining collaborative relationships to influence internal and external stakeholders.	Demonstrates through behaviours and language an ability to building and sustain collaborative relationships to influence internal and external stakeholders.	Demonstrates that attention to relationship building rates highly on daily priorities.
S8	Recognises the skills required to manage people, for example	Demonstrates a clear focus on the team. Recognises and celebrates	Promotes a caring and nurturing team culture where continuous improvement is a

	recruiting, leading, coaching and	success. Coaches and mentors where	shared goal. Prepared to delegate and
	motivating a team.	there is potential for improvement.	develop colleagues through stretching goals.
S9	Recognises the importance of	Builds positive and constructive	Seeks an open and collaborative relationship
	partnership working with local	relationships with local and/or	with employer representatives, balancing
	and/or regional union	regional union representation.	fairly the needs of the business with the
	representation.		welfare of the team.
S11 (BOTH)	Works to identify and maintain	Carries out regular compliance audits	Takes a proactive approach to reviewing
	health & safety and environmental	for health & safety and environmental	health & safety and environmental
	standards to achieve a harm free	standards to achieve a harm free	standards to achieve a harm free culture.
	culture.	culture.	
S12 (BOTH)	Works to budget; manages	Understands budgetary controls and	Takes a proactive approach to budgeting, is
	resources appropriately; manages	is able to make a positive impact in	able to plan and forecast; critically appraises
	costs accurately.	the management of costs and	costs to ensure that the impact of any
		expenditure.	changes does not adversely affect quality.
S13	Recognises the many skills needed	Demonstrates a broad knowledge of	Has the knowledge and skills to manage a
	to plan site based projects, for	planning, costing and managing a	site based project from project proposal
	example for new capital	project.	through delivery to post launch audit against
	investment, construction on site,		target returns.
	new product lines and new		
	equipment.		
S14	Understands the importance of	Can identify all affected third parties	Involves the wider team at an early stage
	managing change.	e.g. employees, neighbours, local	seeking constructive input and the
		authorities and customers, and	avoidance of conflict.
		appreciates the need to consult and	
		inform.	

S15	Discusses new ways of thinking and working towards change and improvements utilising CI skills.	Demonstrates curiosity to foster new ways of thinking and working and identifies and proposes opportunities for improvement to the business fostering a CI culture to enhance business performance.	Hypothesise new ways of thinking and working and identifies and proposes opportunities for change and improvements to the business providing a full justification and rationale for modification with regard to business performance.
S17	Understands the principles of crisis management; agreeing, leading and implementing a site based disaster recovery plan.	Demonstrates an understanding of the importance of openness and collaboration from all departments to resolve a crisis.	Has a mature and balanced understanding of the need to respect legal obligations, public safety whilst protecting the commercial interests of the business and its customers.
S18	Understands the commercial importance of third party audits.	Seeks to develop constructive and positive relationships with third party auditors and has a detailed knowledge of their requirements.	Instills in team culture and training the need to maintain customer standards on a continuous basis.
S19 (BOTH)	Works with food safety data, for example cooking chilling temperatures, metal detection checks, storage, and segregation.	Demonstrates curiosity to foster new ways of thinking and working with food safety data, for example cooking chilling temperatures, metal detection checks, storage, and segregation.	Takes a proactive approach to creating new analytical tools with food safety data.
S20	Understands the principles of production planning to adjust to customer orders.	Seeks to develop the principles of production planning to adjust to customer orders.	Has the knowledge and skills to manage production planning to adjust to customer orders.
S21	Understands the power of influence and persuasion to inspire others to achieve business goals.	Demonstrates an ability to adapt language and communication to effectively win over others.	Proactively communicates clearly, concisely and on a timely basis; to effectively

			influence key internal and external stakeholders
S22 (BOTH)	Works within a food safety culture.	Demonstrates a desire to instil a food safety culture with all colleagues.	Anticipates potential hazards in all operational environments and strives to minimise risk.
B1 (BOTH)	Demonstrates the ability to adopt new ways of thinking and works towards change and improvements considering both the long term and short term objectives achieving mutual benefit for the business and the customer.	Demonstrates the ability to adopt new ways of thinking and works and identifies and proposes opportunities for change and improvements considering both the long term and short term objectives achieving mutual benefit for the business and the customer.	Demonstrates the ability to adopt new ways of thinking and works and identifies and proposes opportunities for change and improvements to the business providing a full justification and rationale for modification considering both the long term and short term objectives achieving mutual benefit for the business and the customer.
B2	Demonstrates empathy and embraces diversity with colleagues and discusses issues in a manner all can understand.	Demonstrates empathy and respect, promotes diversity with colleagues.	Able to lead the agenda on integrity and respect, demonstrating through validation best practices to develop and build relationships.
		Promotes and leads by example the structure of all communication in an accessible, easy to follow format.	Promoting a cross culture environment which promotes integrity and respect to all. Able to analyse areas in the supply chain to encourage, share and nurture integrity and respect.
			complex issues.

B3	Inspires others to achieve business goals; adapts language and communication medium to effectively win others over; proactively communicates clearly, concisely and on a timely basis; effectively influences key internal and external stakeholders.	Reflects and identifies areas for improvement.	Coaches others in how to influence, persuade and mentor.
В5 (ВОТН)	Innovation: demonstrates curiosity to foster new ways of thinking and working; seeks out opportunities to drive forward change and improvements for the business.	Willing and flexible to innovation: demonstrates curiosity to foster new ways of thinking and working; seeks out opportunities to drive forward change and improvements for the business.	High level of awareness of new technology and thinking and openness to applying this knowledge to the work environment.